

Leopard One

Fitting Guide

About the Leopard One

From the SP to the TLSL, the **Leopard One** line of universal spinal braces is indicated for moderate to severe back pain. The plush tri-laminate fabric and rigid polymer plates combine comfort with control.

The quad-pull cinching straps snug the brace for firm support. The polymer plates may be reformed with a heat gun for a customized fit.

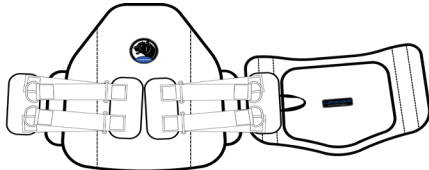
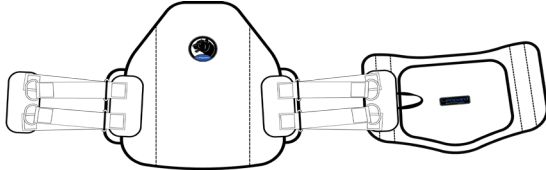
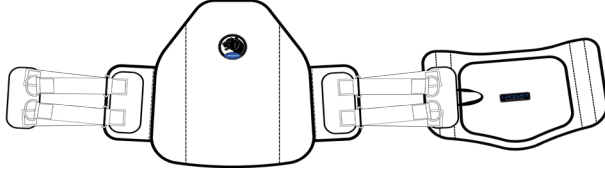
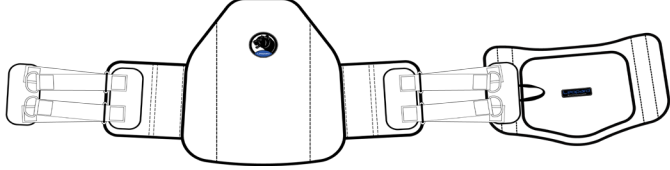
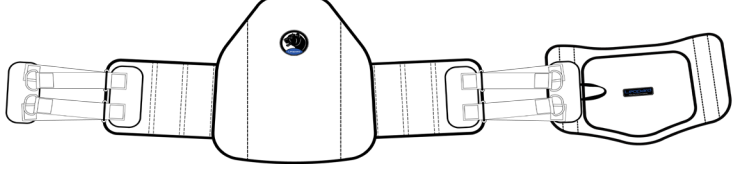
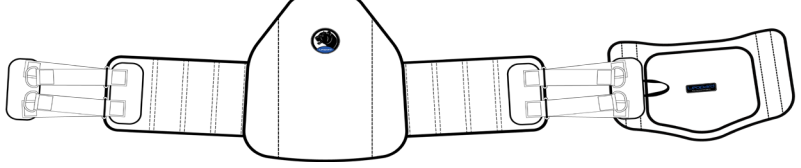


Building the One

The universal **Leopard One** can be sized into one of five Builds. First measure the largest torso circumference. Each lateral extension panel has four channels formed by parallel sewn lines. Cut in the channel indicated on the Build Chart and reattach the shortened lateral panels, then reset the straps. You have now sized your Leopard into the specific Build you need.



Leopard One Build Chart

Build	Circumference	Trim Channel	Brace Illustration
A	27" - 45"	A	 <p>Minimum Size Range</p>  <p>Maximum Size Range</p>
B	45" - 50"	B	
C	50" - 55"	C	
D	55" - 60"	D	
E	60" - 65"	No Trim Needed	

See top of page 3 for trim channel illustration.

Fitting Tips

- When measuring to size, measure the largest torso circumference. For women, this will usually be the hip; for men, the waist.
- Build A is the only Build that requires you to relocate the strap ovals. The closer they are to each other, the smaller the circumference range created.
- For Build E, no trimming is needed. Fit the brace just as it comes.
- The **Leopard One** not only fits any size, but also any shape. For cylindrical torso shapes, the Lateral Panels should be attached straight; for more hip development, angle them as needed.

Contact the prescribing physician if experiencing pain or swelling while wearing this brace. Contact the brace provider if any part of the brace fails. Refer to the Instructions for Use for information on wearing and caring for the Leopard brace.

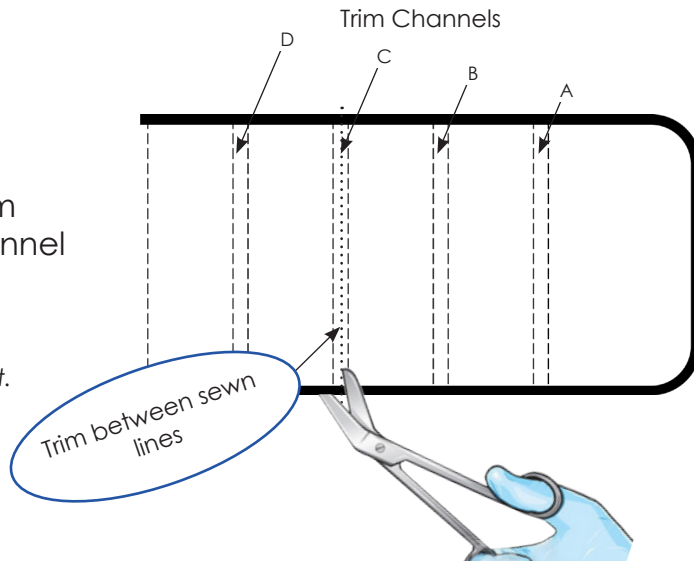
Creating the Build

- 1 Measure the patient's largest torso circumference.

Build C illustrated

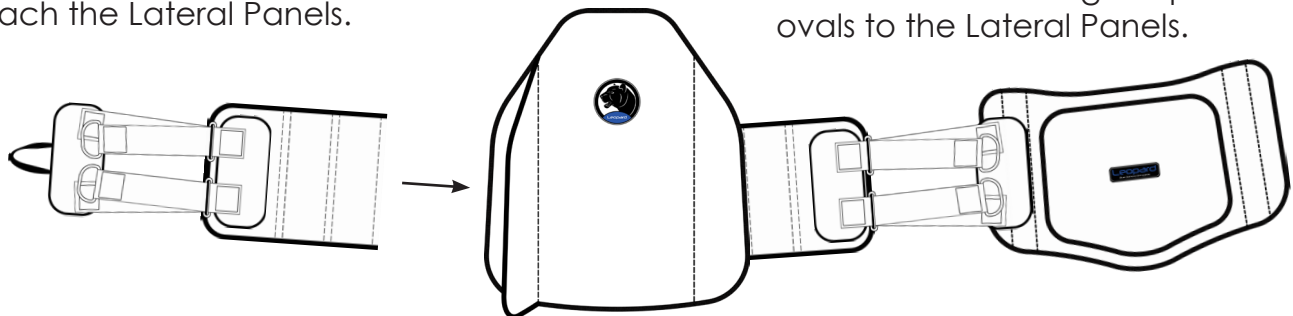
- 2 Based on the Build Chart, trim the Lateral Panels in the channel indicated.

Do not cut while brace is on patient.



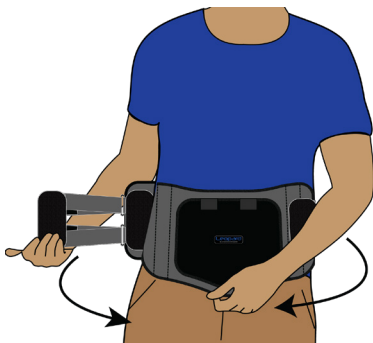
3. Open the Gator Clips and attach the Lateral Panels.

4. Attach the Cinching Straps' ovals to the Lateral Panels.

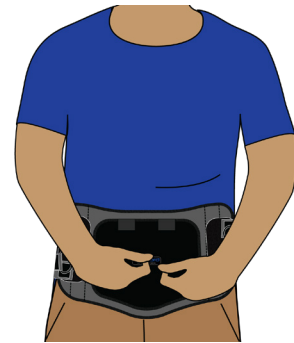


5. Attach the Anterior Panel.

Donning the Leopard



6. Wrap the Leopard around the waist. Center the brace to match the back's curve. Press the right strap oval to the top edge of the anterior panel.

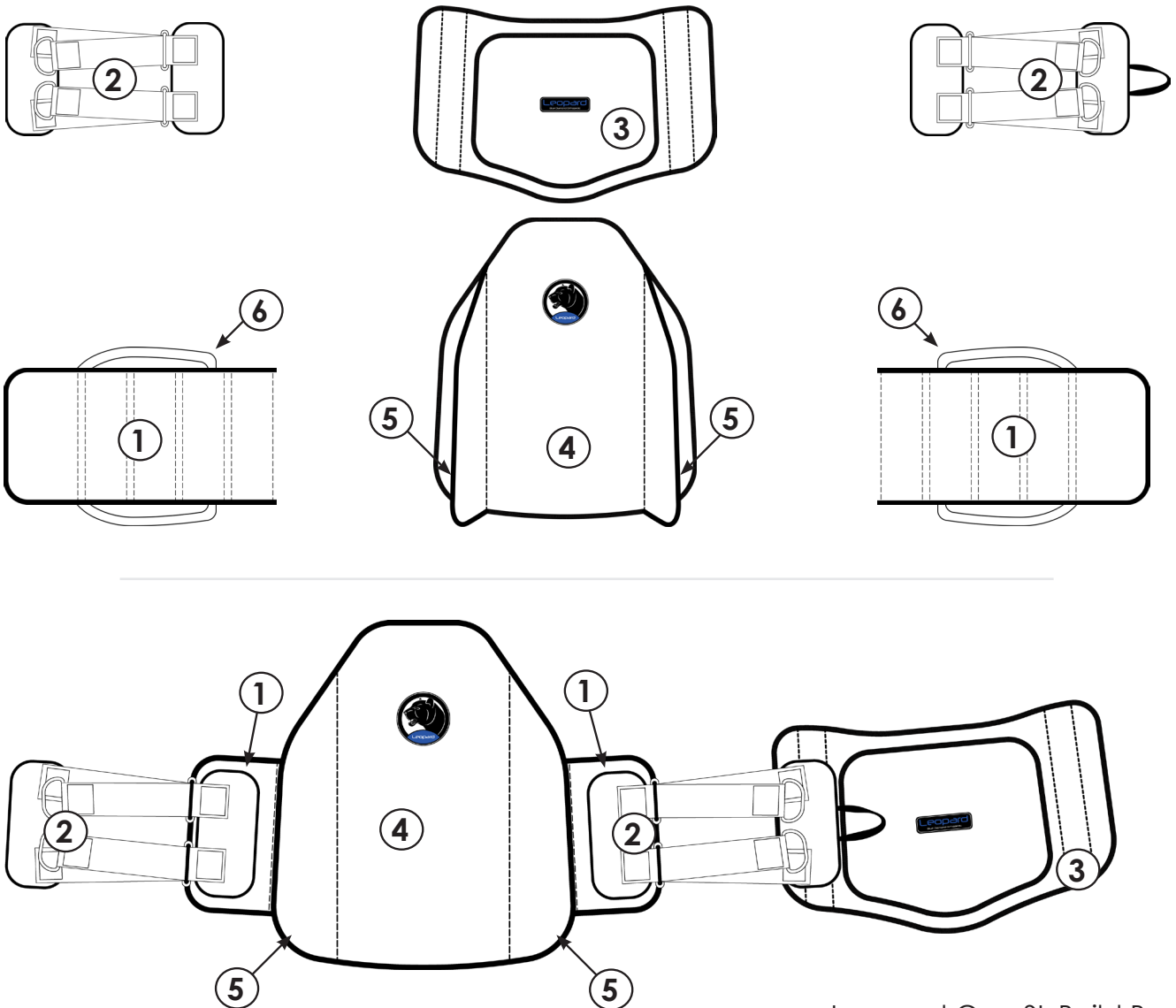


7. Pull the lower straps tight and tack them down. Repeat for the upper straps.

When tightened, a gap should exist between the front panel and the lateral panels on each side.

Leopard One Components

Part Key	Description	Comments
1	Lateral Panel	The Lateral Extension Panels are designed to be trimmed to fit. A pair of sewn lines forms each trim channel.
2	Cinching Straps	The Cinching Straps are for tightening the brace. The right strap finger loop assists in donning and doffing the brace.
3	Anterior Panel	The Anterior Panel is a pocket containing a rigid polymer plate. It forms the landing area for the cinching straps' pull handles.
4	Posterior Panel	The Posterior Panel houses the Gator Clips on the sides and contains a rigid polymer plate in a pocket.
5	Gator Clip	The Gator Clips secure the lateral panels.
6	Lateral Pouches	(SL only) The Lateral Pouches contain rigid polymer plates and may be affixed to the inside of the Lateral Panels for more lateral control.



Leopard One SL Build B